UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 9, 2018

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from __________ to __________

Commission file number: 001-32242

Domino's Pizza, Inc.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware **(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)**	**38-2511577** **(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)**
30 Frank Lloyd Wright Drive **Ann Arbor, Michigan** **(Address of Principal Executive Offices)**	**48105** **(Zip Code)**

(734) 930-3030
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	☒	Accelerated filer	☐
Non-accelerated filer	☐	Smaller reporting company	☐
Emerging growth company	☐		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of October 9, 2018, Domino's Pizza, Inc. had 41,594,653 shares of common stock, par value $0.01 per share, outstanding.

Domino's Pizza, Inc.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

Domino’s Pizza, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	September 9, 2018	December 31, 2017 (Note)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 84,600	$ 35,768
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	168,170	191,762
Accounts receivable, net	170,244	173,677
Advertising fund assets, restricted	118,833	120,223
Inventories	41,420	39,961
Prepaid expenses and other	22,382	18,389
Total current assets	605,649	579,780
Property, plant and equipment:		
Land and buildings	40,423	29,171
Leasehold and other improvements	134,776	128,613
Equipment	222,582	216,599
Construction in progress	56,383	32,482
	454,164	406,865
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(247,165)	(237,279)
Property, plant and equipment, net	206,999	169,586
Other assets:		
Goodwill	14,919	15,423
Capitalized software, net	59,840	52,823
Other assets	21,793	16,391
Deferred income taxes	2,914	2,750
Total other assets	99,466	87,387
Total assets	$ 912,114	$ 836,753
Liabilities and stockholders’ deficit		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	$ 35,847	$ 32,324
Accounts payable	87,509	106,894
Insurance reserves	21,859	20,754
Dividends payable	23,265	536
Advertising fund liabilities	112,222	120,223
Other accrued liabilities	95,729	117,554
Total current liabilities	376,431	398,285
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt, less current portion	3,437,632	3,121,490
Insurance reserves	33,994	30,611
Other accrued liabilities	37,815	21,751
Total long-term liabilities	3,509,441	3,173,852
Stockholders’ deficit:		
Common stock	416	429
Additional paid-in capital	1,914	5,654
Retained deficit	(2,972,565)	(2,739,437)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,523)	(2,030)
Total stockholders’ deficit	(2,973,758)	(2,735,384)
Total liabilities and stockholders’ deficit	$ 912,114	$ 836,753

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2017 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

See accompanying notes.

Domino's Pizza, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data)	Fiscal Quarter Ended		Three Fiscal Quarters Ended	
	September 9, 2018	September 10, 2017	September 9, 2018	September 10, 2017
Revenues:				
Domestic Company-owned stores	$ 118,540	$ 112,905	$ 358,521	$ 338,880
Domestic franchise royalties and fees	89,427	80,244	266,335	242,548
Supply chain	445,096	402,143	1,326,076	1,180,800
International franchise royalties and fees	50,424	48,350	154,182	134,242
Domestic franchise advertising	82,478	—	245,618	—
Total revenues	785,965	643,642	2,350,732	1,896,470
Cost of sales:				
Domestic Company-owned stores	92,998	86,814	278,012	263,038
Supply chain	397,688	358,350	1,183,996	1,048,293
Total cost of sales	490,686	445,164	1,462,008	1,311,331
Operating margin	295,279	198,478	888,724	585,139
General and administrative	80,369	81,398	251,053	239,158
Domestic franchise advertising	82,478	—	245,618	—
Income from operations	132,432	117,080	392,053	345,981
Interest income	792	612	2,451	999
Interest expense	(33,976)	(33,141)	(100,389)	(83,383)
Income before provision for income taxes	99,248	84,551	294,115	263,597
Provision for income taxes	15,153	28,183	43,785	79,019
Net income	$ 84,095	$ 56,368	$ 250,330	$ 184,578
Earnings per share:				
Common stock - basic	$ 2.02	$ 1.22	$ 5.94	$ 3.90
Common stock - diluted	1.95	1.18	5.73	3.76
Dividends declared per share	$ 0.55	$ 0.46	$ 1.65	$ 1.38

See accompanying notes.

Domino's Pizza, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	Fiscal Quarter Ended		Three Fiscal Quarters Ended	
	September 9, 2018	September 10, 2017	September 9, 2018	September 10, 2017
Net income	$ 84,095	$ 56,368	$ 250,330	$ 184,578
Currency translation adjustment	(84)	1,406	(1,142)	1,688
Comprehensive income	$ 84,011	$ 57,774	$ 249,188	$ 186,266

See accompanying notes.

Domino's Pizza, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	Three Fiscal Quarters Ended September 9, 2018	Three Fiscal Quarters Ended September 10, 2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	$ 250,330	$ 184,578
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	35,770	30,054
(Gain) loss on sale/disposal of assets	(5,187)	648
Amortization of debt issuance costs	6,581	9,424
Provision for deferred income taxes	1,737	5,680
Non-cash compensation expense	15,660	14,271
Excess tax benefits from equity-based compensation	(22,722)	(20,430)
Other	356	234
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(25,580)	(2,321)
Changes in advertising fund assets and liabilities, restricted	5,574	5,961
Net cash provided by operating activities	262,519	228,099
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(65,074)	(38,897)
Proceeds from sale of assets	8,213	31
Maturities of advertising fund investments, restricted	44,007	—
Purchases of advertising fund investments, restricted	(50,152)	—
Other	(2,357)	296
Net cash used in investing activities	(65,363)	(38,570)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	905,000	1,900,000
Repayments of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	(595,067)	(920,093)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	8,967	4,014
Purchases of common stock	(429,190)	(1,012,721)
Tax payments for restricted stock upon vesting	(6,849)	(9,386)
Payments of common stock dividends and equivalents	(46,720)	(44,630)
Cash paid for financing costs	(8,207)	(16,846)
Other	—	(205)
Net cash used in financing activities	(172,066)	(99,867)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(235)	349
Change in cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents	24,855	90,011
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	35,768	42,815
Restricted cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	191,762	126,496
Cash and cash equivalents included in advertising fund assets, restricted, beginning of period	27,316	25,091
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents and cash and cash equivalents included in advertising fund assets, restricted, beginning of period	254,846	194,402
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	84,600	61,360
Restricted cash and cash equivalents, end of period	168,170	192,001
Cash and cash equivalents included in advertising fund assets, restricted, end of period	26,931	31,052
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents and cash and cash equivalents included in advertising fund assets, restricted, end of period	$ 279,701	$ 284,413

See accompanying notes.

Domino's Pizza, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited; tabular amounts in thousands, except percentages, share and per share amounts)

September 9, 2018

1. Basis of Presentation and Updates to Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 included in the Company's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 20, 2018 (the "2017 Form 10-K").

In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring items, considered necessary for a fair statement have been included. Operating results for the fiscal quarter ended September 9, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 30, 2018.

Reclassification of Revenues

Beginning in the first quarter of 2018, the Company began managing its franchised stores in Alaska and Hawaii as part of its Domestic Stores segment (Note 3). Prior to 2018, the revenues from these franchised stores were included in the Company's International Franchise segment (Note 3). International franchise revenues for the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2017 include $0.6 million and $1.8 million, respectively, of franchise revenues related to these stores. These amounts have not been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation due to immateriality.

Updates to Significant Accounting Policies

The Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASC 606") in the first quarter of 2018. As a result, the Company updated its significant accounting policies for revenue recognition, disaggregation of revenue and the recognition of advertising costs below. Refer to Note 14 for the full impact of the adoption of ASC 606 on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Domestic Company-owned stores revenues were $118.5 million in the third quarter of 2018 and were $358.5 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Domestic Company-owned stores revenues are comprised of retail sales of food through Company-owned Domino's Pizza stores located in the United States and are recognized when the items are delivered to or carried out by customers. Customer payments are generally due at the time of sale. Sales taxes related to these sales are collected from customers and remitted to the appropriate taxing authority and are not reflected in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income as revenue.

Domestic franchise royalties and fees were $89.4 million in the third quarter of 2018 and were $266.3 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Domestic franchise royalties and fees are primarily comprised of royalties and fees from Domino's Pizza franchisees with operations in the United States. Royalty revenues are based on a percentage of franchise retail sales and are recognized when the items are delivered to or carried out by franchisees' customers. Domestic franchise fee revenue primarily relates to per-transaction technology fees that are recognized as the related sales occur. Payments for domestic royalties and fees are generally due within seven days of the prior week end date.

Supply chain revenues were $445.1 million in the third quarter of 2018 and were $1.33 billion in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Supply chain revenues are primarily comprised of sales of food, equipment and supplies to franchised Domino's Pizza stores located in the United States and Canada. Revenues from the sale of food are recognized upon delivery of the food to franchisees and payments for food purchases are generally due within 30 days of the shipping date. Revenues from the sale of equipment and supplies are recognized upon delivery or shipment of the related products to franchisees, based on shipping terms, and payments for equipment and supplies are generally due within 90 days of the shipping date. The Company also offers profit sharing rebates and volume discounts to its franchisees. Obligations for profit sharing rebates are calculated based on actual results of its supply chain centers and are recognized as a reduction to revenue. Volume discounts are based on annual sales. The Company estimates the amount that will be earned and records a reduction to revenue.

International franchise royalties and fees were $50.4 million in the third quarter of 2018 and were $154.2 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. International franchise royalties and fees are primarily comprised of royalties and fees from Domino's Pizza franchisees outside of the United States. Royalty revenues are recognized when the items are delivered to or carried out by franchise customers. Store opening fees received from international franchisees are recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of each respective franchise store agreement, which is typically ten years. Development fees received from international master franchisees are also deferred when amounts are received and are recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the respective master franchise agreement, which is typically ten years. International franchise royalties and fees are invoiced at least quarterly and payments are generally due within 60 days.

Domestic franchise advertising revenues were $82.5 million in the third quarter of 2018 and were $245.6 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Domestic franchise advertising revenues are primarily comprised of contributions from Domino's Pizza franchisees with operations in the United States to the Domino's National Advertising Fund Inc. ("DNAF"), the Company's not-for-profit subsidiary that administers the Domino's Pizza system's national and market level advertising activities in the United States. These contributions are based on a percentage of franchise retail sales and are recognized when items are delivered to or carried out by franchisees' customers. Payments for domestic franchise advertising revenues are generally due within seven days of the prior week end date. Although these revenues are restricted to be used only for advertising and promotional activities to benefit franchised stores, the Company has determined there are not performance obligations associated with the franchise advertising contributions received by DNAF that are separate from its domestic royalty payment stream and as a result, these franchise contributions and the related expenses are presented gross in the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income.

Disaggregation of Revenue

ASC 606 requires that companies disaggregate revenue from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. The Company has included its revenues disaggregated in its condensed consolidated statements of income to satisfy this requirement.

Advertising Costs

Domestic Stores (Note 3) are required to contribute a certain percentage of sales to DNAF. Domestic franchise advertising costs are accrued and expensed when the related domestic franchise advertising revenues are recognized, as DNAF is obligated to expend such revenues on advertising. Advertising costs funded by Company-owned stores are generally expensed as incurred and are included in general and administrative expense. The contributions from Company-owned stores that have not yet been expended are included in advertising fund assets, restricted on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of September 9, 2018, advertising fund assets, restricted of $118.8 million included approximately $6.6 million of cash contributed from Company-owned stores that had not yet been expended and approximately $112.2 million of other assets which consisted of $107.1 million of cash, cash equivalents and investments, $11.3 million of accounts receivable and $0.4 million of prepaid expenses.

Domestic franchise advertising costs expended by DNAF are included in domestic franchise advertising expenses in the Company's consolidated statement of income. Certain costs incurred by the Company on behalf of DNAF were included in general and administrative expense in years prior to 2018. Refer to Note 14 for the full impact of the adoption of ASC 606 on the Company's financial statements.

2. Contract Liabilities

Contract liabilities consist of deferred franchise fees and deferred development fees. Changes in deferred franchise fees and deferred development fees for the three fiscal quarters of 2018 were as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Fiscal Quarters Ended September 9, 2018
Deferred franchise fees and deferred development fees at beginning of period	$ 19,404
Revenue recognized during the period	(3,540)
New deferrals due to cash received and other	3,917
Deferred franchise fees and deferred development fees at end of period	$ 19,781

3. Segment Information

The following table summarizes revenues, income from operations and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and other, which is the measure by which the Company allocates resources to its segments and which the Company refers to as Segment Income, for each of its reportable segments.

	Fiscal Quarters Ended September 9, 2018 and September 10, 2017					
	Domestic Stores (1)	Supply Chain	International Franchise (2)	Intersegment Revenues	Other	Total
Revenues						
2018	$290,445	$478,517	$ 50,424	$ (33,421)	$ —	$785,965
2017	193,149	433,575	48,350	(31,432)	—	643,642
Income from operations						
2018	$ 78,636	$ 35,452	$ 39,374	N/A	$(21,030)	$132,432
2017	67,892	33,522	37,972	N/A	(22,306)	117,080
Segment Income						
2018	$ 75,721	$ 38,561	$ 39,416	N/A	$(10,295)	$143,403
2017	70,651	36,227	38,019	N/A	(11,973)	132,924

	Three Fiscal Quarters Ended September 9, 2018 and September 10, 2017					
	Domestic Stores (1)	Supply Chain	International Franchise (2)	Intersegment Revenues	Other	Total
Revenues						
2018	$870,474	$1,426,943	$ 154,182	$ (100,867)	$ —	$2,350,732
2017	581,428	1,274,306	134,242	(93,506)	—	1,896,470
Income from operations						
2018	$227,117	$ 109,319	$ 120,002	N/A	$(64,385)	$ 392,053
2017	199,515	102,785	106,748	N/A	(63,067)	345,981
Segment Income						
2018	$230,152	$ 118,171	$ 120,138	N/A	$(29,633)	$ 438,828
2017	207,420	110,614	106,883	N/A	(33,341)	391,576

(1) The Domestic Stores segment includes $82.5 million in the third quarter of 2018 and $245.6 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 of revenues related to franchise advertising contributions due to the adoption of ASC 606 (Note 14). These contributions did not have an impact on income from operations or Segment Income.

(2) The International Franchise segment includes $0.6 million in revenues, income from operations and Segment Income in the third quarter of 2017 related to franchised stores in Alaska and Hawaii. The International Franchise segment includes $1.8 million in revenues and $1.7 million in income from operations and Segment Income in the three fiscal quarters of 2017 related to franchised stores in Alaska and Hawaii. Beginning in the first quarter of 2018, franchised stores in Alaska and Hawaii are managed as part of the Company's Domestic Stores business and are included in the Domestic Stores segment results.

The following table reconciles Total Segment Income to consolidated income before provision for income taxes.

	Fiscal Quarter Ended		Three Fiscal Quarters Ended	
	September 9, 2018	September 10, 2017	September 9, 2018	September 10, 2017
Total Segment Income	$ 143,403	$ 132,924	$ 438,828	$ 391,576
Depreciation and amortization	(12,460)	(10,281)	(35,770)	(30,054)
Gain (loss) on sale/disposal of assets	5,706	(303)	5,187	(648)
Non-cash compensation expense	(4,217)	(4,638)	(15,660)	(14,271)
Recapitalization-related expenses	—	(622)	(532)	(622)
Income from operations	132,432	117,080	392,053	345,981
Interest income	792	612	2,451	999
Interest expense	(33,976)	(33,141)	(100,389)	(83,383)
Income before provision for income taxes	$ 99,248	$ 84,551	$ 294,115	$ 263,597

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4. Earnings Per Share

	Fiscal Quarter Ended		Three Fiscal Quarters Ended	
	September 9, 2018	September 10, 2017	September 9, 2018	September 10, 2017
Net income available to common stockholders - basic and diluted	$ 84,095	$ 56,368	$ 250,330	$ 184,578
Basic weighted average number of shares	41,585,933	46,034,807	42,150,693	47,282,393
Earnings per share – basic	$ 2.02	$ 1.22	$ 5.94	$ 3.90
Diluted weighted average number of shares	43,067,191	47,715,788	43,675,627	49,066,610
Earnings per share – diluted	$ 1.95	$ 1.18	$ 5.73	$ 3.76

The denominators used in calculating diluted earnings per share for the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2018 do not include 76,130 and 137,156 options to purchase common stock, respectively, as the effect of including these options would have been anti-dilutive. The denominator used in calculating diluted earnings per share for the three fiscal quarters of 2018 does not include 28,570 shares subject to restricted stock awards, as the effect of including these shares would have been anti-dilutive. The denominators used in calculating diluted earnings per share for the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2018 do not include 160,998 restricted performance shares, as the performance targets for these awards had not yet been met.

The denominators used in calculating diluted earnings per share for the third quarter of 2017 and three fiscal quarters of 2017 do not include 141,870 and 146,200 options to purchase common stock, respectively, as the effect of including these options would have been anti-dilutive. The denominators used in calculating diluted earnings per share for the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2017 do not include 193,194 restricted performance shares, as the performance targets for these awards had not yet been met.

5. Stockholders' Deficit

The following table summarizes changes in Stockholders' Deficit for the three fiscal quarters of 2018.

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
	Shares	Amount			
Balance at December 31, 2017	42,898,329	$ 429	$ 5,654	$(2,739,437)	$ (2,030)
Net income	—	—	—	250,330	—
Common stock dividends and equivalents	—	—	—	(69,450)	—
Issuance of common stock, net	80,932	1	—	—	—
Tax payments for restricted stock upon vesting	(26,893)	—	(6,849)	—	—
Purchases of common stock	(1,751,054)	(18)	(21,514)	(407,658)	—
Exercise of stock options	394,848	4	8,963	—	—
Non-cash compensation expense	—	—	15,660	—	—
Adoption of ASC 606 (Note 14)	—	—	—	(6,701)	—
Currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	—	(1,142)
Reclassification adjustment for stranded taxes (Note 14)	—	—	—	351	(351)
Balance at September 9, 2018	41,596,162	$ 416	$ 1,914	$(2,972,565)	$ (3,523)

6. Dividends

On June 29, 2018, the Company paid a $0.55 dividend to its shareholders of record as of June 15, 2018. During the third quarter of 2018, on July 18, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors declared a $0.55 per share quarterly dividend on its outstanding common stock for shareholders of record as of September 14, 2018, which was paid on September 28, 2018. The Company had approximately $23.3 million accrued for common stock dividends at September 9, 2018.

Subsequent to the third quarter, on October 11, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors declared a $0.55 per share quarterly dividend on its outstanding common stock for shareholders of record as of December 14, 2018 to be paid on December 28, 2018.

7. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Accumulated other comprehensive loss was approximately $3.5 million at September 9, 2018 and was approximately $2.0 million as of December 31, 2017 and represented currency translation adjustments, net of tax. During the first quarter of 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2018-02, *Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*. As a result, the Company recorded a $0.4 million reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive loss to the beginning balance of retained deficit during the first quarter of 2018. Refer to Note 14 for additional information related to the adoption of this new standard. The Company did not record any reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 or the three fiscal quarters of 2017.

8. Recapitalization

On April 24, 2018, the Company completed a recapitalization (the “2018 Recapitalization”) in which certain of the Company’s subsidiaries issued new notes pursuant to an asset-backed securitization. The new notes consist of $425.0 million Series 2018-1 4.116% Fixed Rate Senior Secured Notes, Class A-2-I with an anticipated term of 7.5 years (the “2018 A-2-I Fixed Rate Notes”), and $400.0 million Series 2018-1 4.328% Fixed Rate Senior Secured Notes, Class A-2-II with an anticipated term of 9.25 years (the “2018 A-2-II Fixed Rate Notes” and, collectively with the 2018 A-2-I Fixed Rate Notes, the “2018 Notes”) in an offering exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The 2018 Notes have remaining scheduled principal payments of $2.1 million in 2018, $8.3 million in each of 2019 through 2024, $401.4 million in 2025, $4.0 million in 2026 and $366.0 million in 2027. Gross proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes were $825.0 million.

A portion of the proceeds from the 2018 Recapitalization was used to repay the remaining $490.1 million in outstanding principal and interest under the Company’s 2015 five-year fixed rate notes, pre-fund a portion of the principal and interest payable on the 2018 Notes, pay transaction fees and expenses and repurchase and retire shares of the Company’s common stock. In connection with the repayment of the 2015 five-year fixed rate notes, the Company expensed approximately $3.2 million for the remaining unamortized debt issuance costs associated with these notes. Additionally, in connection with the 2018 Recapitalization, the Company capitalized $8.2 million of debt issuance costs, which are being amortized into interest expense over the expected terms of the 2018 Notes.

9. Open Market Share Repurchase Program

During the third quarter of 2018, the Company repurchased and retired 397,490 shares of its common stock under its Board of Directors-approved open market share repurchase program for a total of approximately $109.1 million, or an average price of $274.53 per share. During the three fiscal quarters of 2018, the Company repurchased and retired 1,751,054 shares of its common stock under its Board of Directors-approved open market share repurchase program for a total of approximately $429.2 million, or an average price of $245.10 per share. As of September 9, 2018, the end of the third quarter, the Company had a total remaining authorized amount for share repurchases of approximately $320.8 million. Subsequent to the third quarter and through October 11, 2018, the Company repurchased and retired an additional 36,671 shares of common stock for a total of approximately $10.0 million, or an average price of $273.01 per share.

During the third quarter of 2017, the Company entered into a $1.0 billion accelerated share repurchase agreement (the “ASR Agreement”) with a counterparty. Pursuant to the terms of the ASR Agreement, the Company used a portion of the proceeds from the Company’s 2017 recapitalization to pay the counterparty $1.0 billion in cash and received 4,558,863 shares of the Company’s common stock. Final settlement of the ASR Agreement occurred on October 11, 2017. In connection with the ASR Agreement, the Company received and retired a total of 5,218,670 shares of its common stock at an average price of $191.62, including 4,558,863 shares of its common stock received and retired during the third quarter of 2017. During the three fiscal quarters of 2017, the Company repurchased and retired 4,639,223 shares of its common stock under its Board of Directors-approved open market share repurchase program for a total of approximately $1.01 billion.

10. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value measurements enable the reader of the financial statements to assess the inputs used to develop those measurements by establishing a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. The Company classifies and discloses assets and liabilities carried at fair value in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The fair values of the Company’s cash equivalents and investments in marketable securities are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The following tables summarize the carrying amounts and fair values of certain assets at September 9, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	At September 9, 2018			
		Fair Value Estimated Using		
	Carrying Amount	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs
Cash equivalents	$ 78,828	$ 78,828	$ —	$ —
Restricted cash equivalents	106,455	106,455	—	—
Investments in marketable securities	9,605	9,605	—	—
Advertising fund cash equivalents, restricted	20,308	20,308	—	—
Advertising fund investments, restricted	80,152	80,152	—	—

	At December 31, 2017			
		Fair Value Estimated Using		
	Carrying Amount	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs
Cash equivalents	$ 7,933	$ 7,933	$ —	$ —
Restricted cash equivalents	96,375	96,375	—	—
Investments in marketable securities	8,119	8,119	—	—
Advertising fund cash equivalents, restricted	19,945	19,945	—	—
Advertising fund investments, restricted	74,007	74,007	—	—

Management estimated the approximate fair values of the 2015 fixed rate notes, the 2017 fixed and floating rate notes and the 2018 Notes as follows (in thousands):

	September 9, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Principal Amount	Fair Value	Principal Amount	Fair Value
2015 Five-Year Fixed Rate Notes	$ —	$ —	$ 492,500	$ 494,470
2015 Ten-Year Fixed Rate Notes	782,000	792,166	788,000	821,884
2017 Five-Year Fixed Rate Notes	594,000	576,180	598,500	592,515
2017 Ten-Year Fixed Rate Notes	990,000	978,120	997,500	1,023,435
2017 Five-Year Floating Rate Notes	297,000	298,188	299,250	300,746
2018 7.5-Year Fixed Rate Notes	423,938	421,394	—	—
2018 9.25-Year Fixed Rate Notes	399,000	398,202	—	—

The fixed and floating rate notes are classified as Level 2 measurements, as the Company estimates the fair value amount by using available market information. The Company obtained quotes from two separate brokerage firms that are knowledgeable about the Company’s fixed and floating rate notes and, at times, trade these notes. The Company also performed its own internal analysis based on the information gathered from public markets, including information on notes that are similar to those of the Company. However, considerable judgment is required to interpret market data to estimate fair value. Accordingly, the fair value estimates presented are not necessarily indicative of the amount that the Company or the debtholders could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair values stated above.

11. Legal Matters

On February 14, 2011, Domino’s Pizza LLC was named as a defendant in a lawsuit along with Fischler Enterprises of C.F., Inc., a franchisee, and Jeffrey S. Kidd, the franchisee’s delivery driver, filed by Yvonne Wiederhold, the plaintiff, as Personal Representative of the Estate of Richard E. Wiederhold, deceased. The case involved a traffic accident in which the franchisee’s delivery driver is alleged to have caused an accident involving a vehicle driven by Richard Wiederhold. Mr. Wiederhold sustained spinal injuries resulting in quadriplegia and passed away several months after the accident. The jury returned a $10.1 million judgment for the plaintiff where the Company and Mr. Kidd were found to be 90% liable (after certain offsets and other deductions the final verdict was $8.9 million). In the second quarter of 2016, the trial court ruled on all post-judgment motions and entered the judgment. The Company denies liability and in the third quarter of 2016 filed an appeal of the verdict on a variety of grounds. On May 11, 2018, the court of appeals reversed and remanded the case to the trial court for a new trial based on the plaintiff’s improper closing argument. The Company continues to deny liability in this matter.

12. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

The Company had non-cash investing activities related to accruals for capital expenditures of $10.1 million at September 9, 2018 and $4.0 million at December 31, 2017. During the first quarter of 2018, the Company renewed the lease of a supply chain center building and extended the term of the lease through 2033. During the third quarter of 2018, the Company renewed the leases of two supply chain center buildings and extended the terms of the leases through 2036 and 2037, respectively. As a result of these extended leases, the Company recorded non-cash financing activities of $11.4 million for the increase in capital lease assets and liabilities during the three fiscal quarters of 2018.

13. Sale of Company-owned Stores

During the third quarter of 2018, the Company sold 12 domestic Company-owned stores to a former executive of the Company for proceeds of $7.9 million. The former executive terminated his employment with the Company prior to the closing date of the sale and became a franchisee. In connection with the sale of the stores, the Company recorded a $5.9 million pre-tax gain on the sale of the related assets, which was net of a $0.4 million reduction in goodwill. The gain was recorded in general and administrative expense in the Company’s condensed consolidated statements of income.

14. New Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

Accounting Standards Update 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)* and has since issued various amendments which provide additional clarification and implementation guidance. This standard has been codified as ASC 606. This guidance outlines a single, comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and superseded most revenue recognition guidance issued by the FASB, including industry specific guidance. On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASC 606 using the modified retrospective method.

The Company recognized the cumulative effect of initially applying ASC 606 as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained deficit. The comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for those periods.

The Company has determined that the store opening fees received from international franchisees do not relate to separate and distinct performance obligations from the franchise right and those upfront fees will therefore be recognized as revenue over the term of each respective franchise store agreement, which is typically 10 years. In the past, the Company recognized such fees as revenue when the related store opened. An adjustment to beginning retained deficit and a corresponding contract liability of approximately $15.0 million (of which $2.4 million was current and $12.6 million was long-term) was established on the date of adoption associated with the fees received through December 31, 2017 that would have been deferred and recognized over the term of each respective franchise store agreement if the new guidance had been applied in the past. A deferred tax asset of $3.5 million related to this contract liability was also established on the date of adoption.

The Company has also determined that ASC 606 requires a gross presentation on the consolidated statement of income for franchisee contributions received by and related expenses of DNAF, the Company's consolidated not-for-profit subsidiary. DNAF exists solely for the purpose of promoting the Domino's Pizza brand in the U.S. Under prior accounting guidance, the Company had presented the restricted assets and liabilities of DNAF in its consolidated balance sheets and had determined that it acted as an agent for accounting purposes with regard to franchisee contributions and disbursements. As a result, the Company historically presented the activities of DNAF net in its statements of income and statements of cash flows.

Under the requirements of ASC 606, the Company determined that there are not performance obligations associated with the franchise advertising contributions received by DNAF that are separate from the Company's domestic royalty payment stream and as a result, these franchise contributions and the related expenses are presented gross in the Company's consolidated statement of income and consolidated statement of cash flows. While this change materially impacted the gross amount of reported franchise revenues and expenses, the impact is generally expected to be an offsetting increase to both revenues and expenses such that the impact on income from operations and net income is not expected to be material. An adjustment to beginning retained deficit and advertising fund liabilities of approximately $6.4 million related to the timing of advertising expense recognition was recorded on the date of adoption. A deferred tax liability (which is reflected net against deferred tax assets in the consolidated balance sheet) of approximately $1.6 million related to this adjustment was also established on the date of adoption.

The cumulative effects of the changes made to the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of January 1, 2018 for the adoption of ASC 606 were as follows (in thousands):

	Balance at December 31, 2017	Adjustments Due to ASC 606	Balance at January 1, 2018
Assets			
Other assets:			
Deferred income taxes	$ 2,750	$ 1,878	$ 4,628
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit			
Current liabilities:			
Advertising fund liabilities	120,223	(6,425)	113,798
Other accrued liabilities	58,578	2,365	60,943
Long-term liabilities:			
Other accrued liabilities	21,751	12,639	34,390
Stockholders' deficit:			
Retained deficit	(2,739,437)	(6,701)	(2,746,138)

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In accordance with the new revenue standard requirements, the impact of adoption on the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income for the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2018 and condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 9, 2018 was as follows (in thousands):

	Fiscal Quarter Ended September 9, 2018		
	As Reported	Balances without the Adoption of ASC 606	Effect of Change Higher/ (Lower)
Revenues:			
Domestic franchise royalties and fees	$ 89,427	$ 93,316	$ (3,889)
International franchise royalties and fees	50,424	50,497	(73)
Domestic franchise advertising	82,478	—	82,478
General and administrative	80,369	84,410	(4,041)
Domestic franchise advertising	82,478	—	82,478
Income from operations	132,432	132,352	80
Income before provision for income taxes	99,248	99,168	80
Provision for income taxes	15,153	15,135	18
Net income	84,095	84,033	62

	Three Fiscal Quarters Ended September 9, 2018		
	As Reported	Balances without the Adoption of ASC 606	Effect of Change Higher/ (Lower)
Revenues:			
Domestic franchise royalties and fees	$ 266,335	$ 278,600	$ (12,265)
International franchise royalties and fees	154,182	154,213	(31)
Domestic franchise advertising	245,618	—	245,618
General and administrative	251,053	263,504	(12,451)
Domestic franchise advertising	245,618	—	245,618
Income from operations	392,053	391,898	155
Income before provision for income taxes	294,115	293,960	155
Provision for income taxes	43,785	43,750	35
Net income	250,330	250,210	120

	At September 9, 2018		
	As Reported	Balances without the Adoption of ASC 606	Effect of Change Higher/ (Lower)
Assets			
Other assets:			
Deferred income taxes	$ 2,914	$ 1,071	$ 1,843
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit			
Current liabilities:			
Advertising fund liabilities	112,222	118,833	(6,611)
Other accrued liabilities	95,729	93,261	2,468
Long-term liabilities:			
Other accrued liabilities	37,815	25,248	12,567
Stockholders' deficit:			
Retained deficit	(2,972,565)	(2,965,984)	(6,581)

ASU 2016-04, Liabilities – Extinguishment of Liabilities (Subtopic 405-20)

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-04, *Liabilities – Extinguishment of Liabilities (Subtopic 405-20): Recognition of Breakage for Certain Prepaid Stored-Value Products* ("ASU 2016-04"). ASU 2016-04 aligns recognition of the financial liabilities related to prepaid stored value products (for example, gift cards) with ASC 606 for non-financial liabilities. In general, these liabilities may be extinguished proportionately in earnings as redemptions occur, or when redemption is remote if issuers are not entitled to the unredeemed stored value. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2018 in connection with its adoption of ASC 606. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash* ("ASU 2016-18"), which requires that restricted cash and cash equivalents be included as components of total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-18 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017 and a retrospective transition method is required. The Company adopted this guidance in the first quarter of 2018 using the retrospective approach. The Company historically presented changes in restricted cash and cash equivalents in the investing section of its consolidated statement of cash flows. This new guidance did not impact the Company's financial results, but did result in a change in the presentation of restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents within the statement of cash flows.

ASU 2018-02, Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, *Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*. The amendments in this updated standard allow a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. The Company adopted this standard in the first quarter of 2018 and, as a result, recorded a $0.4 million reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive loss to the beginning balance of retained deficit during the first quarter of 2018.

Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

The Company has considered all new accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB and concluded the following accounting pronouncements may have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements, or represent accounting pronouncements for which the Company has not yet completed its assessment.

ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842)

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)* ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for leases with lease terms greater than 12 months. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. Based on a preliminary assessment, the Company expects the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its assets and liabilities due to the recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on its consolidated balance sheets. The Company currently plans to adopt this standard in the first quarter of 2019 using the modified retrospective approach and will recognize a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained deficit in that period. The Company anticipates ASU 2016-02 will have a material impact on the consolidated balance sheet due to the significance of the Company's operating lease portfolio. The Company will elect an optional practical expedient to retain its current classification of leases, and as a result, anticipates that the initial impact of adopting this new standard on its consolidated statement of income and consolidated statement of cash flows will not be material. The Company's minimum lease commitments are disclosed in Note 5 to the 2017 Form 10-K.

ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326)

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* ("ASU 2016-13"). ASU 2016-13 requires companies to measure credit losses utilizing a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires a consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting this standard, but does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

ASU 2017-04, Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350)

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment* ("ASU 2017-04"). ASU 2017-04 simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill by eliminating "Step 2" from the goodwill impairment test. ASU 2017-04 is effective for public companies' annual or interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting this standard, but based on a preliminary assessment, does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.
(Unaudited; tabular amounts in millions, except percentages and store data)

The 2018 and 2017 third quarters referenced herein represent the twelve-week periods ended September 9, 2018 and September 10, 2017. The 2018 and 2017 three fiscal quarters referenced herein represent the thirty-six-week periods ended September 9, 2018 and September 10, 2017.

Overview

Domino's is the largest pizza company in the world based on global retail sales, with more than 15,300 locations in over 85 markets. Founded in 1960, our roots are in convenient pizza delivery, while a significant amount of our sales also come from carryout customers. Domino's generates revenues and earnings by charging royalties and fees to our independent franchisees. The Company also generates revenues and earnings by selling food, equipment and supplies to franchisees primarily in the U.S. and Canada, and by operating a number of our own stores in the U.S. Franchisees profit by selling pizza and other complementary items to their local customers. In our international markets, we generally grant geographical rights to the Domino's Pizza® brand to master franchisees. These master franchisees are charged with developing their geographical area, and they can profit by sub-franchising and selling ingredients and equipment to those sub-franchisees, as well as by running pizza stores directly. Everyone in the system can benefit, including the end consumer, who can feed their family Domino's menu items conveniently and economically.

Our financial results are driven largely by retail sales at our franchise and Company-owned stores. Changes in retail sales are driven by changes in same store sales and store counts. We monitor both of these metrics very closely, as they directly impact our revenues and profits, and we strive to consistently increase both metrics. Retail sales drive royalty payments from franchisees, as well as Company-owned store and supply chain revenues. Retail sales are primarily impacted by the strength of the Domino's Pizza® brand, the results of our extensive advertising through various media channels, the impact of technological innovation and digital ordering, our ability to execute our strong and proven business model and the overall global economic environment.

	Third Quarter of 2018 (1)		Third Quarter of 2017		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2018 (1)		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2017	
Global retail sales growth	+8.3%		+14.5%		+12.5%		+13.2%	
Same store sales growth:								
Domestic Company-owned stores	+4.9%		+8.4%		+5.4%		+11.2%	
Domestic franchise stores	+6.4%		+8.4%		+7.3%		+9.2%	
Domestic stores	+6.3%		+8.4%		+7.1%		+9.4%	
International stores (excluding foreign currency impact)	+3.3%		+5.1%		+4.0%		+4.0%	
Store counts (at end of period):								
Domestic Company-owned stores	386		399					
Domestic franchise stores	5,365		5,092					
Domestic stores	5,751		5,491					
International stores	9,603		8,943					
Total stores	15,354		14,434					
Income statement data:								
Total revenues	$ 786.0	100.0%	$ 643.6	100.0%	$2,350.7	100.0%	$1,896.5	100.0%
Cost of sales	490.7	62.4%	445.2	69.2%	1,462.0	62.2%	1,311.3	69.2%
General and administrative	80.4	10.2%	81.4	12.6%	251.1	10.7%	239.2	12.6%
Domestic franchise advertising	82.5	10.6%	—	— %	245.6	10.4%	—	— %
Income from operations	132.4	16.8%	117.1	18.2%	392.1	16.7%	346.0	18.2%
Interest expense, net	(33.2)	(4.2)%	(32.5)	(5.1)%	(97.9)	(4.2)%	(82.4)	(4.3)%
Income before provision for income taxes	99.2	12.6%	84.6	13.1%	294.1	12.5%	263.6	13.9%
Provision for income taxes	15.2	1.9%	28.2	4.3%	43.8	1.9%	79.0	4.2%
Net income	$ 84.1	10.7%	$ 56.4	8.8%	$ 250.3	10.6%	$ 184.6	9.7%

(1) In the first quarter of 2018, the Company began managing its franchised stores in Alaska and Hawaii as part of its Domestic Stores segment. Prior to 2018, store counts and retail sales from these franchised stores were included in the Company's international stores in the table above. Consolidated results of the Company have not been impacted by this change and prior year amounts have not been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation due to immateriality.

During the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2018, we sustained our strong domestic and international same store sales performance. Our Domino's Piece of the Pie Rewards™ loyalty program continues to contribute to our domestic same store sales performance. Additionally, we remained focused on growing online ordering and improving the digital customer experience through our technology platforms, including the recent launch of Domino's HotSpots™.

We also continued our global expansion with the opening of 232 net new stores in the third quarter of 2018, bringing our year-to-date total to 498 net new stores. We opened 173 net new stores internationally and 59 net new stores domestically during the third quarter of 2018. Overall, we believe this global store growth, along with our strong sales, emphasis on technology, operations, and marketing initiatives have combined to strengthen our brand.

Global retail sales, which are total retail sales at franchise and Company-owned stores worldwide, increased 8.3% in the third quarter of 2018 and 12.5% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were driven primarily by an increase in worldwide store counts during the trailing four quarters as well as domestic and international same store sales growth. Global retail sales were negatively impacted by changes in foreign currency exchange rates in the third quarter of 2018, but were positively impacted by changes in foreign currency exchange rates in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Domestic same store sales growth reflected the sustained positive sales trends and the continued success of our products, marketing and technology platforms. International same store sales growth also reflected continued strong performance.

Total revenues increased $142.4 million, or 22.1%, in the third quarter of 2018 and $454.2 million, or 24.0%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. The adoption of Accounting Standards Codification 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASC 606") in the first quarter of 2018 resulted in the recognition of $82.5 million in revenue in the third quarter of 2018 and $245.6 million in revenue in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 related to domestic franchise contributions to Domino's National Advertising Fund Inc. ("DNAF"), our consolidated not-for-profit advertising fund. In the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2017 under accounting standards in effect at that time, we had presented these contributions net with the related disbursements in our condensed consolidated statement of income. Refer to Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to the adoption of this new accounting standard. The remaining increases in revenues were due primarily to higher supply chain volumes resulting from order and store count growth, as well as higher domestic franchise, Company-owned store and international franchise revenues resulting from store count and same store sales growth. These changes in revenues are described in more detail below.

Income from operations increased $15.3 million, or 13.1%, in the third quarter of 2018 and $46.1 million, or 13.3%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were primarily driven by higher royalty revenues from domestic and international franchised stores, as well as increased supply chain volumes. A pre-tax gain of $5.9 million resulting from the sale of 12 Company-owned stores to a franchisee in the third quarter of 2018 also contributed to the increases. Income from operations was negatively impacted by changes in foreign currency exchange rates in the third quarter of 2018, but was positively impacted by changes in foreign currency exchange rates in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Higher investments in technological initiatives and other strategic areas partially offset these increases in income from operations.

Net income increased $27.7 million, or 49.2%, in the third quarter of 2018 and $65.7 million, or 35.6%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were driven by higher income from operations, as noted above. A lower tax rate resulting from regulations under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "2017 Tax Act") and higher excess tax benefits from equity-based compensation also positively impacted net income in the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2018 through a reduction in the provision for income taxes. These increases in net income were partially offset by higher interest expense resulting primarily from a higher average debt balance. The increase in interest expense in the third quarter of 2018 was partially offset by $5.8 million of incremental interest expense recorded in the third quarter of 2017 in connection with our recapitalization transaction in 2017.

Revenues

	Third Quarter of 2018		Third Quarter of 2017		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2018		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2017	
Domestic Company-owned stores	$118.5	15.1%	$112.9	17.5%	$ 358.5	15.3%	$ 338.9	17.9%
Domestic franchise royalties and fees	89.4	11.4%	80.2	12.5%	266.3	11.3%	242.5	12.8%
Supply chain	445.1	56.6%	402.1	62.5%	1,326.1	56.4%	1,180.8	62.3%
International franchise royalties and fees	50.4	6.4%	48.4	7.5%	154.2	6.6%	134.2	7.0%
Domestic franchise advertising	82.5	10.5%	—	— %	245.6	10.4%	—	— %
Total revenues	$786.0	100.0%	$643.6	100.0%	$2,350.7	100.0%	$1,896.5	100.0%

Revenues primarily consist of retail sales from our Company-owned stores, royalties, advertising contributions and fees from our domestic franchised stores, royalties and fees from our international franchised stores and sales of food, equipment and supplies from our supply chain centers to all of our domestic franchised stores and certain international franchised stores. Company-owned store and franchised store revenues may vary from period to period due to changes in store count mix. Supply chain revenues may vary significantly from period to period as a result of fluctuations in commodity prices as well as the mix of products we sell. In years prior to 2018, based on accounting guidance in effect at that time, the domestic franchise advertising contributions were shown net with the related disbursements in our condensed consolidated statement of income. In the first quarter of 2018, we adopted ASC 606, which requires these revenues and expenses to be presented gross on our condensed consolidated statement of income. Refer to Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to the adoption of this new accounting standard.

Domestic Stores Revenues

	Third Quarter of 2018		Third Quarter of 2017		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2018		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2017	
Domestic Company-owned stores	$118.5	40.8%	$112.9	58.5%	$358.5	41.2%	$338.9	58.3%
Domestic franchise royalties and fees	89.4	30.8%	80.2	41.5%	266.3	30.6%	242.5	41.7%
Domestic franchise advertising	82.5	28.4%	—	— %	245.6	28.2%	—	— %
Domestic stores	$290.4	100.0%	$193.1	100.0%	$870.5	100.0%	$581.4	100.0%

Domestic stores revenues increased $97.3 million, or 50.4%, in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $289.1 million, or 49.7% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were driven by the adoption of ASC 606, which requires a gross presentation of domestic franchise advertising contributions in our condensed consolidated statement of income, as well as higher royalty revenues earned on higher franchise same store sales and an increase in the average number of stores open in each period of 2018 as compared to the prior year. Higher domestic Company-owned same store sales also contributed to the increases in revenue. These changes in domestic stores revenues are more fully described below.

Domestic Company-Owned Stores

Revenues from domestic Company-owned store operations increased $5.6 million, or 5.0%, in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $19.6 million, or 5.8%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 due primarily to higher same store sales. Company-owned same store sales increased 4.9% in the third quarter of 2018 and 5.4% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Company-owned same store sales increased 8.4% in the third quarter of 2017 and 11.2% in the three fiscal quarters of 2017.

Domestic Franchise Royalties and Fees

Revenues from domestic franchise operations increased $9.2 million, or 11.4%, in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $23.8 million, or 9.8%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 due primarily to higher same store sales and an increase in the average number of domestic franchised stores open during the period. Domestic franchise same store sales increased 6.4% in the third quarter of 2018 and 7.3% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Domestic franchise same store sales increased 8.4% in the third quarter of 2017 and 9.2% in the three fiscal quarters of 2017. Revenues further benefited from an increase in fees paid by franchisees for the use of our internally developed technology platforms.

Domestic Franchise Advertising

Revenues from domestic franchise advertising contributions were $82.5 million in the third quarter of 2018 and were $245.6 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. In years prior to 2018, based on accounting guidance in effect at the time, the domestic franchise advertising contributions were shown net with the related disbursements in our condensed consolidated statement of income. In the first quarter of 2018, we adopted ASC 606, which required these revenues and expenses to be presented gross on our condensed consolidated statement of income. Refer to Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to the adoption of this new accounting standard.

Supply Chain Revenues

	Third Quarter of 2018		Third Quarter of 2017		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2018		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2017	
Domestic supply chain	$403.8	90.7%	$364.5	90.6%	$1,202.3	90.7%	$1,074.1	91.0%
International supply chain	41.3	9.3%	37.6	9.4%	123.8	9.3%	106.7	9.0%
Total supply chain	$445.1	100.0%	$402.1	100.0%	$1,326.1	100.0%	$1,180.8	100.0%

Domestic Supply Chain

Domestic supply chain revenues increased $39.3 million, or 10.8%, in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $128.2 million, or 11.9%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were primarily attributable to higher volumes from increased order counts at the store level and store count growth. Our market basket pricing to stores increased 3.0% in the third quarter of 2018 and 4.0% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018, which resulted in an estimated increase in domestic supply chain revenues of $9.0 million in the third quarter of 2018 and $39.8 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018.

International Supply Chain

Revenues from international supply chain operations increased $3.7 million, or 9.8%, in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $17.1 million, or 16.0%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases resulted primarily from higher volumes from increased order counts at the store level. The negative impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates of $1.3 million partially offset the increase in revenues in the third quarter of 2018. The positive impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates of $2.2 million contributed to the increase in revenues in the three fiscal quarters of 2018.

International Franchise Royalties and Fee Revenues

Revenues from international franchise operations increased $2.1 million, or 4.3%, in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $19.9 million, or 14.9%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were due primarily to higher same store sales and an increase in the average number of international stores open during each period. Revenues further benefited from an increase in fees paid by franchisees for the use of our internally developed technology platforms in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. The negative impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates of $1.9 million partially offset the increase in revenues in the third quarter of 2018. The positive impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates of $2.5 million contributed to the increase in revenues in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Excluding the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, international franchise same store sales increased 3.3% in the third quarter of 2018 and 4.0% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Excluding the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, international franchise same store sales increased 5.1% in the third quarter of 2017 and 4.0% in the three fiscal quarters of 2017.

Cost of Sales / Operating Margin

	Third Quarter of 2018		Third Quarter of 2017		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2018		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2017	
Consolidated revenues	$786.0	100.0%	$643.6	100.0%	$2,350.7	100.0%	$1,896.5	100.0%
Consolidated cost of sales	490.7	62.4%	445.2	69.2%	1,462.0	62.2%	1,311.3	69.2%
Consolidated operating margin	$295.3	37.6%	$198.5	30.8%	$ 888.7	37.8%	$ 585.1	30.8%

Cost of sales consists primarily of Company-owned store and supply chain costs incurred to generate related revenues. Components of consolidated cost of sales primarily include food, labor and occupancy costs.

Consolidated operating margin (which we define as revenues less cost of sales) increased $96.8 million, or 48.8%, in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $303.6 million, or 51.9%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were primarily driven by the adoption of ASC 606, which requires a gross presentation of domestic franchise advertising contributions on our condensed consolidated statement of income. Higher domestic and international franchise revenues, as well as higher supply chain volumes also contributed to the increased operating margin in the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2018. Franchise revenues and domestic franchise advertising revenues do not have a cost of sales component, so changes in these revenues have a disproportionate effect on the operating margin.

As a percentage of revenues, the consolidated operating margin increased 6.8 percentage points in the third quarter of 2018 and 7.0 percentage points in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 due primarily to the adoption of ASC 606, which requires a gross presentation of domestic franchise advertising contributions on our condensed consolidated statement of income. Company-owned store operating margins decreased 1.6 percentage points in the third quarter of 2018 and increased 0.1 percentage point in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. Supply chain operating margins decreased 0.2 percentage point in the third quarter of 2018 and decreased 0.5 percentage points in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These changes in margin are more fully discussed below.

Domestic Company-Owned Stores Operating Margin

	Third Quarter of 2018		Third Quarter of 2017		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2018		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2017	
Revenues	$118.5	100.0%	$112.9	100.0%	$358.5	100.0%	$338.9	100.0%
Cost of sales	93.0	78.5%	86.8	76.9%	278.0	77.5%	263.0	77.6%
Store operating margin	$ 25.5	21.5%	$ 26.1	23.1%	$ 80.5	22.5%	$ 75.8	22.4%

The domestic Company-owned store operating margin (which does not include certain store-level costs such as royalties and advertising) decreased $0.6 million, or 2.1%, in the third quarter of 2018 due to higher food, labor and insurance costs. These decreases in margin were partially offset by higher same store sales. The domestic Company-owned store operating margin increased $4.7 million, or 6.2%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 due to higher same store sales and lower insurance expense. These increases in margin were partially offset by higher food and labor costs. As a percentage of store revenues, the store operating margin decreased 1.6 percentage points in the third quarter of 2018 and increased 0.1 percentage point in the three fiscal quarters of 2018, as discussed in more detail below.

- Food costs increased 1.0 percentage point to 27.7% in the third quarter of 2018 and increased 0.7 percentage point to 27.5% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 due primarily to higher food prices.
- Labor costs increased 0.3 percentage point to 30.3% in the third quarter of 2018 and increased 0.3 percentage point to 30.0% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were due primarily to an increase in labor rates in certain markets.
- Insurance costs increased 0.3 percentage point to 3.0% in the third quarter of 2018. Insurance costs decreased 0.5 percentage point to 3.0% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 due to incremental insurance expense recorded in the second quarter of 2017 related to updated independent actuarial estimates for our casualty insurance program.
- Transaction-related expenses increased 0.1 percentage point to 2.9% in the third quarter of 2018, primarily due to higher internet ordering fees. Transaction-related expenses decreased 0.2 percentage point to 3.1% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018, primarily due to lower credit card-related expenses in certain markets in which we operate.

Supply Chain Operating Margin

	Third Quarter of 2018		Third Quarter of 2017		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2018		Three Fiscal Quarters of 2017	
Revenues	$445.1	100.0%	$402.1	100.0%	$1,326.1	100.0%	$1,180.8	100.0%
Cost of sales	397.7	89.3%	358.4	89.1%	1,184.0	89.3%	1,048.3	88.8%
Supply chain operating margin	$ 47.4	10.7%	$ 43.8	10.9%	$ 142.1	10.7%	$ 132.5	11.2%

The supply chain operating margin increased $3.6 million, or 8.3%, in the third quarter of 2018 and $9.6 million, or 7.2% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018, primarily driven by higher volumes from increased store orders. As a percentage of supply chain revenues, the supply chain operating margin decreased 0.2 percentage point in the third quarter of 2018 and decreased 0.5 percentage point in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These decreases were due primarily to higher delivery and labor costs, offset in part by procurement savings.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased $1.0 million, or 1.3%, in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $11.9 million, or 5.0%, in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. We continue to invest in technological initiatives and other strategic areas. However, these increases in general and administrative costs were reduced by a pre-tax gain of $5.9 million recognized from the sale of 12 Company-owned stores during the third quarter of 2018. General and administrative expenses were further reduced by $4.0 million in the third quarter of 2018 and $12.5 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 due to the adoption of ASC 606, primarily related to the reclassification of certain advertising expenses from general and administrative expenses to domestic franchise advertising expenses.

Domestic Franchise Advertising Expenses

Domestic franchise advertising expenses were $82.5 million in the third quarter of 2018 and were $245.6 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. In years prior to 2018, the domestic franchise advertising expenses were shown net with the related contributions in our condensed consolidated statement of income. In the first quarter of 2018, we adopted ASC 606, which required these revenues and expenses to be presented gross on our condensed consolidated statement of income. Refer to Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to the adoption of this new accounting standard.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased $0.8 million to $34.0 million in the third quarter of 2018 and increased $17.0 million to $100.4 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. These increases were driven by higher average borrowings resulting from our recapitalization transactions completed on April 24, 2018 (“2018 Recapitalization”) and July 24, 2017 (“2017 Recapitalization”), offset in part by a lower weighted average borrowing rate in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. We also recorded approximately $3.3 million of incremental interest expense in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 in connection with the 2018 Recapitalization. During the third quarter of 2017, we recorded $5.8 million of incremental interest expense in connection with our 2017 Recapitalization.

The Company’s weighted average borrowing rate was 4.1% in both the third quarter of 2018 and the third quarter of 2017. The Company’s weighted average borrowing rate decreased to 4.0% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018, from 4.4% in the three fiscal quarters of 2017, resulting from the lower interest rates on the debt outstanding in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017.

Provision for Income Taxes

Provision for income taxes decreased $13.0 million to $15.2 million in the third quarter of 2018 and decreased $35.2 million to $43.8 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. The effective tax rate in the third quarter of 2018 and the three fiscal quarters of 2018 decreased due to the lower federal statutory rate of 21% resulting from the 2017 Tax Act enacted in December 2017. Higher excess tax benefits on equity-based compensation, which are recorded as a reduction to the income tax provision, further reduced the provision for income taxes. Excess tax benefits recorded were higher by $3.9 million in the third quarter of 2018 and were higher by $2.3 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 as compared to the prior year periods. The effective tax rate decreased to 15.3% during the third quarter of 2018 and decreased to 14.9% in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 as compared to 33.3% in the third quarter of 2017 and 30.0% in the three fiscal quarters of 2017.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Historically, we have operated with minimal positive working capital or negative working capital, primarily because our receivable collection periods and inventory turn rates are faster than the normal payment terms on our current liabilities. We generally collect our receivables within three weeks from the date of the related sale, and we generally experience 35 to 45 inventory turns per year. In addition, our sales are not typically seasonal, which further limits our working capital requirements. These factors, coupled with the use of our ongoing cash flows from operations to service our debt obligations, invest in our business, pay dividends and repurchase our common stock, reduce our working capital amounts. As of September 9, 2018, we had working capital of $54.4 million, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents of $168.2 million, advertising fund assets, restricted, of $118.8 million and advertising fund liabilities of $112.2 million. Working capital includes total unrestricted cash and cash equivalents of $84.6 million.

During the third quarter and three fiscal quarters of 2018, we experienced increases in both domestic and international same store sales versus the comparable periods in the prior year. Additionally, our international and domestic businesses grew store counts in the third quarter of 2018. These factors contributed to our continued ability to generate positive operating cash flows. We expect to use our unrestricted cash and cash equivalents, cash flows from operations and available borrowings under our variable funding notes to, among other things, fund working capital requirements, invest in our core business, service our indebtedness, pay dividends and repurchase our common stock. We have historically funded our working capital requirements, capital expenditures, debt repayments and repurchases of common stock primarily from our cash flows from operations, excess cash from our recapitalization transactions and, when necessary, our available borrowings under variable funding note facilities. We did not have any material commitments for capital expenditures as of September 9, 2018.

Based upon the current level of operations and anticipated growth, we believe that the cash generated from operations, our current unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and amounts available under our variable funding note facility will be adequate to meet our anticipated debt service requirements, capital expenditures and working capital needs for at least the next twelve months. Our ability to continue to fund these items and continue to reduce debt could be adversely affected by the occurrence of any of the events described under “Risk Factors” in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. There can be no assurance that our business will generate sufficient cash flows from operations or that future borrowings will be available under the variable funding notes or otherwise to enable us to service our indebtedness, or to make anticipated capital expenditures. Our future operating performance and our ability to service, extend or refinance our fixed and floating rate notes and to service, extend or refinance our variable funding notes will be subject to future economic conditions and to financial, business and other factors, many of which are beyond our control.

Restricted Cash

As of September 9, 2018, we had approximately $131.6 million of restricted cash held for future principal and interest payments, $36.5 million of restricted cash held in a three-month interest reserve as required by the related debt agreements and $0.1 million of other restricted cash for a total of $168.2 million of restricted cash and cash equivalents. As of September 9, 2018, we also held $26.9 million of advertising fund restricted cash and cash equivalents, which can only be used for activities that promote the Domino's Pizza brand.

2018 Recapitalization

On April 24, 2018, we completed the 2018 Recapitalization in which certain of our subsidiaries issued new notes pursuant to an asset-backed securitization. The new notes consist of $425.0 million Series 2018-1 4.116% Fixed Rate Senior Secured Notes, Class A-2-I with an anticipated term of 7.5 years (the "2018 A-2-I Fixed Rate Notes"), and $400.0 million Series 2018-1 4.328% Fixed Rate Senior Secured Notes, Class A-2-II with an anticipated term of 9.25 years (the "2018 A-2-II Fixed Rate Notes" and, collectively with the 2018 A-2-I Fixed Rate Notes, the "2018 Notes") in an offering exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The 2018 Notes have remaining scheduled principal payments of $2.1 million in 2018, $8.3 million in each of 2019 through 2024, $401.4 million in 2025, $4.0 million in 2026 and $366.0 million in 2027. Gross proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes was $825.0 million.

A portion of the proceeds from the 2018 Recapitalization was used to repay the remaining $490.1 million in outstanding principal and interest under the Company's 2015 five-year fixed rate notes, pre-fund a portion of the principal and interest payable on the 2018 Notes, pay transaction fees and expenses and repurchase and retire shares of the Company's common stock. In connection with the repayment of the 2015 five-year fixed rate notes, the Company expensed approximately $3.2 million for the remaining unamortized debt issuance costs associated with these notes. Additionally, in connection with the 2018 Recapitalization, the Company capitalized $8.2 million of debt issuance costs, which are being amortized into interest expense over the expected terms of the 2018 Notes.

Long-Term Debt

As of September 9, 2018, we had approximately $3.47 billion of long-term debt, of which $35.8 million was classified as a current liability. Our fixed and floating rate notes from the recapitalizations we completed in 2018, 2017 and 2015 have original scheduled principal payments of $8.8 million in the remainder of 2018, $35.3 million in each of 2019 through 2021, $888.0 million in 2022, $26.3 million in each of 2023 through 2025, $1.13 billion in 2026 and $1.27 billion in 2027. As of September 9, 2018, we had no outstanding borrowings under our variable funding notes and $128.3 million available for borrowing, net of letters of credit issued of $46.7 million. The letters of credit are primarily related to our casualty insurance programs and supply chain center leases. Borrowings under the variable funding notes are available to fund our working capital requirements, capital expenditures, share repurchases and other general corporate purposes.

Share Repurchase Programs

Our open market share repurchase programs have historically been funded by excess cash flows. On February 14, 2018, our Board of Directors authorized a new share repurchase program to repurchase up to $750.0 million of the Company's common stock, which replaced the remaining availability under its previous $1.25 billion authorization. During the third quarter of 2018, we repurchased and retired 397,490 shares of our common stock under our Board of Directors-approved open market share repurchase program for a total of approximately $109.1 million, or an average price of $274.53 per share. During the three fiscal quarters of 2018, we repurchased and retired 1,751,054 shares of our common stock under our Board of Directors-approved open market share repurchase program for a total of approximately $429.2 million, or an average price of $245.10 per share. As of September 9, 2018, the Company had a total remaining authorized amount for share repurchases of approximately $320.8 million.

Subsequent to the third quarter and through October 11, 2018, the Company repurchased and retired an additional 36,671 shares of common stock for a total of approximately $10.0 million, or an average price of $273.01 per share.

During the third quarter of 2017, the Company entered into a $1.0 billion accelerated share repurchase agreement (the "ASR Agreement") with a counterparty. Pursuant to the terms of the ASR Agreement, the Company used a portion of the proceeds from the 2017 Recapitalization to pay the counterparty $1.0 billion in cash and received 4,558,863 shares of the Company's common stock. Final settlement of the ASR Agreement occurred on October 11, 2017. In connection with the ASR Agreement, the Company received and retired a total of 5,218,670 shares of its common stock at an average price of $191.62, including 4,558,863 shares of its common stock received and retired during the third quarter of 2017. During the three fiscal quarters of 2017, the Company repurchased and retired 4,639,223 shares of its common stock under its Board of Directors-approved open market share repurchase program for a total of approximately $1.01 billion.

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Dividends

On June 29, 2018, the Company paid a $0.55 dividend to its shareholders of record as of June 15, 2018. During the third quarter of 2018, on July 18, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors declared a $0.55 per share quarterly dividend on its outstanding common stock for shareholders of record as of September 14, 2018, which was paid on September 28, 2018. The Company had approximately $23.3 million accrued for common stock dividends at September 9, 2018.

Subsequent to the third quarter, on October 11, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors declared a $0.55 per share quarterly dividend on its outstanding common stock for shareholders of record as of December 14, 2018 to be paid on December 28, 2018.

The following table illustrates the main components of our cash flows:

(In millions)	Three Fiscal Quarters of 2018	Three Fiscal Quarters of 2017 (1)
Cash Flows Provided By (Used In)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	$ 262.5	$ 228.1
Net cash used in investing activities	(65.4)	(38.6)
Net cash used in financing activities	(172.1)	(99.9)
Exchange rate changes	(0.2)	0.3
Change in cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents	$ 24.9	$ 90.0

(1) In 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash*, which requires that restricted cash and cash equivalents be included as components of total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the consolidated statement of cash flows. The prior year amounts have been recast. Refer to Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to the adoption of this new accounting standard.

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities increased $34.4 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018, primarily due to an increase in net income of $65.8 million. This increase was partially offset by the negative impact of changes in operating assets and liabilities of $25.9 million, primarily related to the timing of payments on accounts payable, and lower non-cash amounts of $5.4 million.

Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities was $65.4 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018, which consisted primarily of $65.1 million of capital expenditures (driven primarily by investments in supply chain centers, technological initiatives and domestic Company-owned stores) and purchases of restricted advertising fund investments of $50.2 million. These uses of cash were partially offset by maturities of restricted advertising fund investments of $44.0 million. The Company adopted ASC 606 in the first quarter of 2018, which superseded the agency guidance the Company historically applied to present advertising fund investment activities net in the Company's consolidated statement of cash flows. Refer to Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to the Company's adoption of ASC 606.

Cash used in investing activities was $38.6 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2017, which consisted primarily of $38.9 million of capital expenditures (driven primarily by investments in our technological initiatives, Company-owned stores and supply chain centers).

The increase in capital expenditures in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 as compared to the three fiscal quarters of 2017 primarily relates to the cash outlays for our new domestic supply chain center, which opened in the fourth quarter of 2018.

Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities was $172.1 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018. We issued $825.0 million of debt in connection with our 2018 Recapitalization and borrowed $80.0 million under our variable funding notes. However, these increases in cash were offset by repayments of long-term debt of $595.1 million (of which $490.0 million was an optional prepayment on our 2015 five-year fixed rate notes using a portion of the proceeds received from the 2018 Recapitalization and $80.0 million related to the repayment of the borrowings under our variable funding notes), purchases of common stock of $429.2 million, dividend payments to our shareholders of $46.7 million, and cash paid for financing costs related to our 2018 Recapitalization of $8.2 million. We also received proceeds of $9.0 million from the exercise of stock options and made $6.8 million in tax payments for restricted stock upon vesting.

Cash used in financing activities was $99.9 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2017. We issued $1.9 billion of debt in connection with our 2017 Recapitalization, which was offset by the purchases of common stock of $1.0 billion, repayments of long-term debt of $920.1 million (of which $910.3 million was an optional prepayment on our 2012 fixed rate notes using a portion of the proceeds received from the 2017 Recapitalization), funding dividend payments to our shareholders of $44.6 million, and cash paid for financing costs related to our 2017 Recapitalization of $16.8 million. We also made $9.4 million in tax payments for restricted stock upon vesting and received proceeds of $4.0 million from the exercise of stock options.

Forward-Looking Statements

This filing contains various forward-looking statements about the Company within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "Act") that are based on current management expectations that involve substantial risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. The following cautionary statements are being made pursuant to the provisions of the Act and with the intention of obtaining the benefits of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Act. You can identify forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "anticipates," "believes," "could," "should," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "may," "will," "plans," "predicts," "projects," "seeks," "approximately," "potential," "outlook" and similar terms and phrases that concern our strategy, plans or intentions, including references to assumptions. These forward-looking statements address various matters including information concerning future results of operations and business strategy, our anticipated profitability, estimates in same store sales growth, the growth of our domestic and international business, ability to service our indebtedness, our future cash flows, our operating performance, trends in our business and other descriptions of future events reflect the Company's expectations based upon currently available information and data. While we believe these expectations and projections are based on reasonable assumptions, such forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations are more fully described in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including under the section headed "Risk Factors" in our annual report on Form 10-K. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including but not limited to: our substantial increased indebtedness as a result of our recapitalization transactions and our ability to incur additional indebtedness or refinance that indebtedness in the future; our future financial performance and our ability to pay principal and interest on our indebtedness; the effectiveness of our advertising, operations and promotional initiatives; the strength of our brand, including our ability to compete domestically and internationally in our intensely competitive industry; new product, digital ordering and concept developments by us, and other food-industry competitors; our ability to maintain good relationships with our franchisees and their ongoing level of profitability; our ability to successfully implement cost-saving strategies; our ability and that of our franchisees to successfully operate in the current and future credit environment; changes in the level of consumer spending given general economic conditions, including interest rates, energy prices and consumer confidence; our ability and that of our franchisees to open new restaurants and keep existing restaurants in operation; changes in operating expenses resulting from changes in prices of food (particularly cheese), fuel and other commodity costs, labor, utilities, insurance, employee benefits and other operating costs; the impact that widespread illness or general health concerns, severe weather conditions and natural disasters may have on our business and the economies of the countries where we operate; changes in foreign currency exchange rates; our ability to retain or replace our executive officers and other key members of management and our ability to adequately staff our stores and supply chain centers with qualified personnel; our ability to find and/or retain suitable real estate for our stores and supply chain centers; changes in government legislation and regulations, including changes in our effective tax rate; adverse legal judgments or settlements; food-borne illness or contamination of products; data breaches or other cyber risks; the effect of war, terrorism or catastrophic events; our ability to pay dividends and repurchase shares; changes in consumer preferences, spending and traffic patterns and demographic trends; changes in accounting policies; and adequacy of our insurance coverage. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed in this press release might not occur. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this press release and should be evaluated with an understanding of their inherent uncertainty. Except as required under federal securities laws and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we will not undertake and specifically decline any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances arising after the date of this press release, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements included in this press release or that may be made elsewhere from time to time by, or on behalf of, us. All forward-looking statements attributable to us are expressly qualified by these cautionary statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Market Risk

The Company does not engage in speculative transactions nor does the Company hold or issue financial instruments for trading purposes. In connection with the recapitalizations of our business, we issued fixed and floating rate notes and entered into variable funding notes and, at September 9, 2018, we are exposed to interest rate risk on borrowings under our floating rate notes and variable funding notes. As of September 9, 2018, we had $297.0 million outstanding under our floating rate notes. As of September 9, 2018, we had no outstanding borrowings under our variable funding notes and $128.3 million available for borrowing, net of letters of credit issued of $46.7 million. Our fixed rate debt exposes the Company to changes in market interest rates reflected in the fair value of the debt and to the risk that the Company may need to refinance maturing debt with new debt at a higher rate.

We are exposed to market risks from changes in commodity prices. During the normal course of business, we purchase cheese and certain other food products that are affected by changes in commodity prices and, as a result, we are subject to volatility in our food costs. We may periodically enter into financial instruments to manage this risk. As noted above, we do not engage in speculative transactions nor do we hold or issue financial instruments for trading purposes. In instances when we use fixed pricing agreements with our suppliers, these agreements cover our physical commodity needs, are not net-settled and are accounted for as normal purchases.

The Company is exposed to various foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations for revenues generated by operations outside the United States, which can adversely impact net income and cash flows. Approximately 6.4% of our total revenues in the third quarter of 2018, 7.5% of our total revenues in the third quarter of 2017, 6.6% of our total revenues in the three fiscal quarters of 2018 and 7.0% of our total revenues in the three fiscal quarters of 2017 were derived from our international franchise segment, a majority of which were denominated in foreign currencies. We also operate dough manufacturing and distribution facilities in Canada, which generate revenues denominated in Canadian dollars. We do not enter into financial instruments to manage this foreign currency exchange risk. A hypothetical 10% adverse change in the foreign currency rates in each of our top ten international markets, based on store count, would have resulted in a negative impact on revenues of approximately $9.6 million in the three fiscal quarters of 2018.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Management, with the participation of the Company’s Chief Executive Officer, Richard E. Allison, Jr., and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Jeffrey D. Lawrence, performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, Mr. Allison and Mr. Lawrence concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

During the quarterly period ended September 9, 2018, there were no changes in the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are a party to lawsuits, revenue agent reviews by taxing authorities and administrative proceedings in the ordinary course of business which include, without limitation, workers' compensation, general liability, automobile and franchisee claims. We are also subject to suits related to employment practices as well as intellectual property, including patents.

As previously disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 20, 2018, on February 14, 2011, Domino's Pizza LLC was named as a defendant in a lawsuit along with Fischler Enterprises of C.F., Inc., a franchisee, and Jeffrey S. Kidd, the franchisee's delivery driver, filed by Yvonne Wiederhold, the plaintiff, as Personal Representative of the Estate of Richard E. Wiederhold, deceased. The case involved a traffic accident in which the franchisee's delivery driver is alleged to have caused an accident involving a vehicle driven by Richard Wiederhold. Mr. Wiederhold sustained spinal injuries resulting in quadriplegia and passed away several months after the accident. The jury returned a $10.1 million judgment for the plaintiff where the Company and Mr. Kidd were found to be 90% liable (after certain offsets and other deductions the final verdict was $8.9 million). In the second quarter of 2016, the trial court ruled on all post-judgment motions and entered the judgment. The Company denies liability and in the third quarter of 2016 filed an appeal of the verdict on a variety of grounds. On May 11, 2018, the court of appeals reversed and remanded the case to the trial court for a new trial based on the plaintiff's improper closing argument. The Company continues to deny liability in this matter.

While we may occasionally be party to large claims, including class action suits, we do not believe that any existing matters, individually or in the aggregate, will materially affect our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the risk factors previously disclosed in our 2017 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

c. Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program (2)	Maximum Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program (in thousands)
Period #7 (June 18, 2018 to July 15, 2018)	1,060	$ 280.70	—	$ 429,932
Period #8 (July 16, 2018 to August 12, 2018)	260,886	267.43	258,391	360,844
Period #9 (August 13, 2018 to September 9, 2018)	140,796	287.83	139,099	320,810
Total	402,742	$ 274.59	397,490	$ 320,810

(1) 5,252 shares in the third quarter of 2018 were purchased as part of the Company's employee stock purchase discount plan. During the third quarter, the shares were purchased at an average price of $279.49.

(2) As previously disclosed, on February 14, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a $750.0 million share repurchase program, which has no expiration date. As of September 9, 2018, the Company had approximately $320.8 million remaining for future share repurchases under this program. Subsequent to the third quarter and through October 11, 2018, the Company repurchased and retired an additional 36,671 shares of common stock for a total of approximately $10.0 million. Authorization for the repurchase program may be modified, suspended, or discontinued at any time. The repurchase of shares in any particular period and the actual amount of such purchases remain at the discretion of the Board of Directors, and no assurance can be given that shares will be repurchased in the future.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Eleventh Amendment to a Lease Agreement between Domino's Farms Office Park, L.L.C. and Domino's Pizza LLC, dated as of July 13, 2018.
10.2	Twelfth Amendment to a Lease Agreement between Domino's Farms Office Park, L.L.C. and Domino's Pizza LLC, dated as of July 13, 2018.
31.1	Certification by Richard E. Allison, Jr. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, relating to Domino's Pizza, Inc.
31.2	Certification by Jeffrey D. Lawrence pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, relating to Domino's Pizza, Inc.
32.1	Certification by Richard E. Allison, Jr. pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, relating to Domino's Pizza, Inc.
32.2	Certification by Jeffrey D. Lawrence pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, relating to Domino's Pizza, Inc.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

DOMINO'S PIZZA, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: October 16, 2018

/s/ Jeffrey D. Lawrence
Jeffrey D. Lawrence
Chief Financial Officer
(On behalf of the registrant and as Principal Financial Officer)

Exhibit 10.1

AMENDMENT #11 TO A LEASE AGREEMENT
BETWEEN DOMINO'S FARMS OFFICE PARK LLC
(LANDLORD) AND DOMINO'S PIZZA LLC (TENANT)

THIS AMENDMENT #11 TO A LEASE AGREEMENT is made as of July 17, 2018 (the "Effective Date") by and between DOMINO'S FARMS OFFICE PARK LLC, a Michigan Limited Liability Company, f/k/a Domino's Farms Office Park Limited Partnership (Landlord) and DOMINO'S PIZZA LLC (Tenant).

WHEREAS, Landlord entered into a Lease Agreement (the Lease) for a portion of the office building known as Domino's Farms Prairie House located at 30 Frank Lloyd Wright Drive, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106 with Domino's Pizza, Inc., whose successor in interest is Domino's Pizza LLC (Tenant), for a term of five (5) years commencing as of December 21, 1998; and

WHEREAS, via a First Amendment to Lease dated August 8, 2002, Landlord and Tenant extended the term of the Lease Agreement, included additional space as a part of the Premises, and incorporated additional provisions; and

WHEREAS, via a Second Amendment to Lease dated May 5, 2004, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease by replacing Section B (Premises) of the First Amended Standard Lease Summary; and

WHEREAS, via a Third Amendment to Lease dated November 18, 2009, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease to clarify actual size of the warehouse and to add an additional 4,790 usable square feet of space, and

WHEREAS, via a "Fourth Amendment to Lease" dated April, 2010, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease for the temporary lease of additional space, and

WHEREAS, via a further amendment mistakenly captioned as the "Fourth Amendment to Lease" dated August 28, 2012, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease to expand the primary Premises and extend the Term of the Lease through December 31, 2022, and

WHEREAS, via a Fifth Amendment to Lease dated February 2015, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease for the temporary lease of additional space, and

WHEREAS, via a Sixth Amendment to Lease, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease in February 2015 to expand the primary Premises, and

WHEREAS, via a Seventh Amendment to Lease dated April 2016, Tenant absorbed an additional 6,448 rentable square feet (5,607 usable square feet) located at Lobby H on Level 3, and

WHEREAS, via an Eighth Amendment to Lease dated November 4, 2016 Tenant absorbed an additional 15,700 rentable square feet (13,652 usable square feet) located at Lobby D on Level 3, and

WHEREAS, via a Ninth Amendment to Lease dated February 16, 2017, Tenant absorbed an additional 9,343 rentable square feet (8,124 usable square feet) located at Lobby K on Level 1, and

WHEREAS, via a Tenth Amendment to Lease dated October 2017, Tenant expanded to the south of Premises on the third level into the space formerly occupied by IBM equal to 8,188 rentable square feet (7,120 usable square feet), and

WHEREAS, Tenant desires to extend the Term for the Lease;

NOW, THEREFORE, Landlord and Tenant agree to the following:

PREMISES

The Premises covered by this Lease are as follows:

Office space, lab space, and conference center: 262,781 rentable square feet

Warehouse: 5,019 usable square feet

Office space (temporary) per the Fifth Amendment: 2,669 rentable square feet

Locations: Highlighted areas as shown on the attached Rider A.

TERM

The Initial Term of this Lease shall expire at midnight on the last day of the month 120 months (i.e. 10 years) after the date of receipt by Tenant from Landlord of a copy of the Certificate of Occupancy from Ann Arbor Township Building inspector for the Annex Building (see subsequent Amendment #12), except for the office spaces identified in the Fifth and Ninth Amendments as Suite J-1050 located on Level 1 of the building at Lobby J, and Suite K-1100 located on Level 1 of the building at Lobby K, respectively, which terms shall remain and expire as set forth in the respective Fifth and Ninth Amendments.

RENT

The rent for the Premises will remain at the current rate through December 31, 2018, as shown on Schedule 1 attached to this 11th Amendment. Commencing January 1, 2019 and through the end of the Lease, the rental rate shall be adjusted annually (to be effective on January 1 of each calendar year) in accordance with the following:

2019 – 2021: The base annual rent set forth on Schedule 1 shall increase each year to reflect the cost of living increase in accordance with any increase in the Consumers Price Index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics all items indexed for Detroit, Michigan or by two and one-quarter percent (2.25%), whichever is less, provided however, in no event shall the base rent as adjusted be reduced from the previous year.

2022 and 2023: The base annual rent shall increase each year to reflect the cost of living increase in accordance with any increase in the Consumers Price Index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics all items indexed for Detroit, Michigan or by two and one-half percent (2.50%), whichever is less, provided however, in no event shall the base rent as adjusted be reduced from the previous year.

2024 – 2029: The base annual rent shall increase each year to reflect the cost of living increase in accordance with any increase in the Consumers Price Index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics all items indexed for Detroit, Michigan or by three percent (3.0%), whichever is less, provided however, in no event shall the base rent as adjusted be reduced from the previous year.

TENANT IMPROVEMENT ALLOWANCE

The Landlord shall contribute an additional $2,500,000 towards the renovation of the space occupied by the Tenant. It shall be payable by separate payment from Landlord to the Tenant in ten (10) installments of $250,000 each due on the first (1st) business day of each calendar year for years 2019 through 2028. This is in addition to the annual installments of $102,500 for years 2019 through 2022 provided for in the Fourth Amendment. In the event these amounts are not paid by Landlord to Tenant within thirty (30) days after written notice from Tenant that such amounts are due, Tenant may set off the unpaid amount together with interest at the amount specified in Section 5.02 of the Lease against the installments of base annual rent next coming due until the total amount due from Landlord is recaptured by Tenant.

OPTION TO RENEW

Upon expiration of the Initial Term as modified by this Amendment #11 to Lease, provided that Tenant is not then in default beyond the expiration of any applicable grace and cure period after notice, Tenant may extend the term of this Lease for an additional term of five (5) years (the First Extended Term) and Tenant may extend the term of this Lease for an additional term consisting of five (5) years (the Second Extended Term) upon the expiration of the First Extended Term, provided that the Tenant has exercised its option for the First Extended Term and is not then in default beyond the expiration of any applicable grace and cure period after notice. The Tenant shall exercise the option(s) by notifying the

Landlord in writing at least three hundred sixty (360) days before the then existing Term expires. The base annual rent for each Extended Term shall increase to reflect the cost of living increase in accordance with any increase in the Consumers Price Index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics all items indexed for Detroit, Michigan or by three percent (3.0%), whichever is less, provided however, in no event shall the annual rent as adjusted be reduced from the previous year.

If the Tenant exercises an option to extend the Lease term for the First Extended Term or the Second Extended Term, the Landlord shall agree to contribute $1.50 per usable square foot of office space per year, during the extended term(s), for the purpose of refurbishment of the Premises. Tenant may retain any amount unspent during any calendar year for use in future years. In the event these amounts are not paid by Landlord to Tenant within thirty (30) days after written notice from Tenant that such amounts are due, Tenant may set off the unpaid amount together with interest at the amount specified in Section 5.02 of the Lease against the installments of base annual rent next coming due until the total amount due from Landlord is recaptured by Tenant.

RIGHT OF FIRST OFFER

Tenant shall have a Right of First Offer for an expansion into additional suites that are contiguous to the Premises currently occupied by the Tenant. Specifically, this Right of First Offer shall apply to the suites currently occupied by and known as:

U of M Sleep Clinic (Lobby L on Level 1) - 7,483 usable sf / 8,605 rentable sf
PSED (Lobby D on Level 2) - 4,960 usable sf / 5,704 rentable sf
Financial Concepts (Lobby H on Level 3) -1,776 usable sf / 2,042 rentable sf
Speyside Equity (Lobby H on Level 3) - 1,588 usable sf / 1,826 rentable sf
U of M NETT (Lobby H on Level 3) - 6,611 usable sf / 7,603 rentable sf
VA – OI+T (Lobby J on Level 3) - 5,945 usable sf / 6,837 rentable sf
Hylant (Lobby H on Level 4) - 17,155 usable sf / 19,728 rentable sf

The Landlord will notify Tenant at such time that Landlord learns that said suite(s) will become available, on the terms and conditions that Landlord is willing to lease such space, except that the terms shall be coterminous with the Term of this Lease, and Tenant shall have thirty (30) days to commit to or release the suite(s), on the same terms, or such smaller portion as Landlord shall approve.

If Tenant exercises the Right of First Offer to expand into one of these additional spaces as they become available, this Right of First Offer will extend to space contiguous to the new space being occupied by Tenant. If Tenant fails to exercise the Right of First Offer, but Landlord fails, within 180 days of the offer notice, to consummate the lease of such space, Tenant’s Right of First Offer shall revive and again apply to such space.

SURVIVAL OF LEASE

Except as set forth in this Amendment, all other terms and conditions of the Lease shall remain the same and unchanged in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have hereunto executed this AMENDMENT #11 TO LEASE AGREEMENT as of the day and year first above written.

TENANT:
DOMINO'S PIZZA LLC
(a Michigan limited liability company)

By: /s/ Richard Allison
Richard Allison
Its: Chief Executive Officer

LANDLORD:
DOMINO'S FARMS OFFICE PARK LLC
(a Michigan limited liability company)

By: /s/ Paul R. Roney
Paul R. Roney
Its: Manager

Rider A
Areas of Premises Highlighted
[Drawing attached]

Schedule 1 – Current Rent (7/2018 —12/2018)

Space	Square Footage	Rent per Square Foot	Monthly Rent	Annual Rent
Office space, lab space and conference center	262,781 (rentable square feet)	$29.77	$651,915.86	$7,822,990.32
Warehouse	5,019 (usable square feet)	$14.25	$5,960.06	$71,520.72
Office Suite (temporary)	2,669 (rentable square feet)	$21.79	$4,846.46	$58,157.52

AMENDMENT #12 TO A LEASE AGREEMENT
BETWEEN DOMINO'S FARMS OFFICE PARK LLC
(LANDLORD) AND DOMINO'S PIZZA LLC (TENANT)

THIS AMENDMENT #12 TO A LEASE AGREEMENT is made as of July 17, 2018 by and between DOMINO'S FARMS OFFICE PARK LLC, a Michigan Limited Liability Company, f/k/a Domino's Farms Office Park Limited Partnership (Landlord) and DOMINO'S PIZZA LLC (Tenant).

WHEREAS, Landlord entered into a Lease Agreement (the Lease) for a portion of the office building known as Domino's Farms Prairie House located at 30 Frank Lloyd Wright Drive, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106 with Domino's Pizza, Inc., whose successor in interest is Domino's Pizza LLC (Tenant), for a term of five (5) years commencing as of December 21, 1998; and

WHEREAS, via a First Amendment to Lease dated August 8, 2002, Landlord and Tenant extended the term of the Lease Agreement, included additional space as a part of the Premises, and incorporated additional provisions; and

WHEREAS, via a Second Amendment to Lease dated May 5, 2004, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease by replacing Section B (Premises) of the First Amended Standard Lease Summary; and

WHEREAS, via a Third Amendment to Lease dated November 18, 2009, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease to clarify actual size of the warehouse and to add an additional 4,790 usable square feet of space, and

WHEREAS, via a Fourth Amendment to Lease dated April, 2010, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease for the temporary lease of additional space, and

WHEREAS, via a further amendment mistakenly captioned as the "Fourth Amendment to Lease" dated August 28, 2012, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease to expand the primary Premises and extend the Term of the Lease, and

WHEREAS, via a Fifth Amendment to Lease dated February 2015, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease for the temporary lease of additional space, and

WHEREAS, via a Sixth Amendment to Lease, Landlord and Tenant amended the Lease in February 2015 to expand the primary Premises, and

WHEREAS, via a Seventh Amendment to Lease dated April 2016, Tenant absorbed an additional 6,448 rentable square feet (5,607 usable square feet) located at Lobby H on Level 3, and

WHEREAS, via an Eighth Amendment to Lease dated November 4, 2016 Tenant absorbed an additional 15,700 rentable square feet (13,652 usable square feet) located at Lobby D on Level 3, and

WHEREAS, via a Ninth Amendment to Lease dated February 16, 2017, Tenant absorbed an additional 9,343 rentable square feet (8,124 usable square feet) located at Lobby K on Level 1, and

WHEREAS, via a Tenth Amendment to Lease dated October 2017, Tenant expanded to the south of Premises on the third level into the space formerly occupied by IBM equal to 8,188 rentable square feet (7,120 usable square feet), and

WHEREAS, via Amendment #11 to Lease dated July 17, 2018, Tenant extended the Term for the Lease to be concurrent with this Amendment #12, and

WHEREAS, Tenant desires to lease additional space, and Tenant initiated contact with Landlord regarding the construction and subsequent leasing of a new 33,000 square foot building with dedicated parking on approximately 4 acres of property owned by Landlord on the northwest side of the Prairie House, the final design and layout of which shall be subject to Tenant's approval and which shall be set forth in an exhibit attached to this Amendment #12, and

WHEREAS, Landlord is agreeable to construct such a building, to be called "the Annex" for use by Tenant, and which shall be leased as a single-user building.

NOW, THEREFORE, Landlord and Tenant agree to the following:

PREMISES

Except as otherwise specified herein, Landlord shall construct the "Annex", a free-standing building, on a build-to-suit basis, with all building systems, that is approximately 33,000 square feet along with a dedicated, paved parking lot consisting of 130 parking spaces which shall be exclusively used by Tenant, to be leased by Tenant in its entirety. Landlord and Tenant shall review and approve plans and specifications for the Annex, and also the final construction budget. Landlord shall cause the Annex to be constructed in accordance with the final approved plans and specifications, in a good and workmanlike manner and in accordance with good construction practices, in compliance will all applicable laws, and in a manner that minimizes disruption to Tenant's and other occupants current business operations. Landlord shall obtain and make Tenant an express third party beneficiary of any warranties obtained from Landlord's general contractor, and shall also have Tenant included as an additional insured, on a primary, non-contributory basis, of the builder's risk and liability insurance obtained by Landlord's general contractor. Upon completion and following delivery to the Tenant, the Annex will be included in the definition of the Premises, the use and occupancy of which shall be subject to the Lease as previously amended.

TERM

The initial term (the “Initial Term”) of the lease for the Annex building shall begin on the date of receipt by Tenant from Landlord of a copy of the Certificate of Occupancy from the Ann Arbor Township Building Inspector, and shall end at midnight on the last day of the month 120 months (i.e. 10 years) later. Landlord shall use commercially reasonable efforts to deliver the Annex to Tenant on or before April 30, 2019 (the Delivery Date).

PROJECT COST

Landlord shall contribute the actual land upon which the Annex shall be constructed and $7,800,000 towards the total project cost. Tenant shall contribute the necessary remaining funds to complete the construction of the building and tenant improvements. Landlord shall enter into the general construction contract to construct the Annex. Expressly excluded from Tenant’s obligation shall be any change orders to the original agreed upon construction agreements with contractors that are not approved by Tenant or caused by any changes to the plans and specifications in any material respect not approved by Tenant. Tenant shall incrementally reimburse Landlord for its portion of the project costs within thirty (30) days of receipt of invoice(s) from Landlord that are supported by invoices that Landlord has received from the general contractor performing the construction.

BASE RENT

The base rent for the Annex, which includes all CAMS excluding utilities, shall be as follows:

Year 1 Tenant agrees to pay $915,750.00 per year, payable in monthly installments equal to $76,312.50 per month.

Years 2 and 3 The base annual rent shall increase each year to reflect the cost of living increase in accordance with any increase in the Consumers Price Index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics all items indexed for Detroit, Michigan or by two and one-quarter percent (2.25%), whichever is less, provided however, in no event shall the base rent as adjusted be reduced from the previous year.

Years 4 and 5 The base annual rent shall increase each year to reflect the cost of living increase in accordance with any increase in the Consumers Price Index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics all items indexed for Detroit, Michigan or by two and one-half percent (2.5%), whichever is less, provided however, in no event shall the base rent as adjusted be reduced from the previous year.

Years 6 – 10 The base annual rent shall increase each year to reflect the cost of living increase in accordance with any increase in the Consumers Price Index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics all items indexed for Detroit, Michigan or by three percent (3.0%), whichever is less, provided however, in no event shall the base rent as adjusted be reduced from the previous year.

ADDITIONAL RENT

In addition to Base Rent, Tenant shall be responsible for payment of the following sums as "Additional Rent, the actual electric, gas, and water utility costs for the Annex, and there shall be no mark-up by the Landlord. Landlord shall install sub-meters for electric, gas and water to measure Tenant's actual usage. The Landlord will submit an invoice to the Tenant as they are received from the utility providers, and payment shall be made by the Tenant to the Landlord within thirty (30) days of receipt of the invoice.

OPTION TO RENEW

Upon expiration of the initial term as stated in this Amendment #12 to Lease, provided that Tenant is not then in default beyond the expiration of any applicable grace and cure period after notice, Tenant may extend the term of this Lease with respect to the Annex for an additional term of five (5) years (the First Extended Term), and Tenant may extend the term of this Lease for an additional term consisting of five (5) years (the Second Extended Term) upon the expiration of the First Extended Term, provided that the Tenant has exercised its option for the First Extended Term and is not then in default beyond the expiration of any applicable grace and cure period after notice. The Tenant shall exercise the options(s) by notifying the Landlord in writing at least three hundred sixty (360) days before the then existing Term expires. The base annual rent for each Extended Term shall increase to reflect the cost of living increase in accordance with any increase in the Consumers Price Index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics all items indexed for Detroit, Michigan or by three percent (3%), whichever is less, provided however, in no event shall the annual rent as adjusted be reduced from the previous year.

If the Tenant exercises an option to extend the Lease term for the First Extended Term or the Second Extended Term, the Landlord shall agree to contribute $1.50 per usable square foot of office space per year during the extended term(s) for the purpose of refurbishment of the Premises. This is in addition to the annual rental credit installments specified in the Eleventh Amendment, and the amounts due and payable for such purposes under the Twelfth Amendment shall be due and payable to Tenant whether or not spent by Tenant during a current or prior year. Tenant may retain any amount unspent during any calendar year for use in future years. In the event these amounts are not paid by Landlord to Tenant within thirty (30) days after written notice from Tenant that such amounts are due, Tenant may set off the unpaid amount together with interest at the amount specified in Section 5.02 of the Lease against the installments of base annual rent next coming due until the total amount due from Landlord is recaptured by Tenant.

SURVIVAL OF LEASE

Except as set forth in this Amendment, all other terms and conditions of the Lease shall remain the same and unchanged in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have hereunto executed this AMENDMENT #12 TO LEASE AGREEMENT as of the day and year first above written.

TENANT:
DOMINO'S PIZZA LLC
(a Michigan limited liability company)

By: /s/ Richard Allison
Richard Allison
Its: Chief Executive Officer

LANDLORD:
DOMINO'S FARMS OFFICE PARK LLC
(a Michigan limited liability company)

By: /s/ Paul R. Roney
Paul R. Roney
Its: Manager

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DOMINO'S PIZZA, INC.

I, Richard E. Allison, Jr., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Domino's Pizza, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

    a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
    b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
    c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
    d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

    a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 16, 2018
Date

/s/ Richard E. Allison, Jr.
Richard E. Allison, Jr.
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER, DOMINO'S PIZZA, INC.

I, Jeffrey D. Lawrence, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Domino's Pizza, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

   a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
   b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
   c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
   d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

   a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
   b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 16, 2018
Date

/s/ Jeffrey D. Lawrence
Jeffrey D. Lawrence
Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Domino’s Pizza, Inc. (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 9, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Report”), I, Richard E. Allison, Jr., Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that based on my knowledge:

1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Richard E. Allison, Jr.
Richard E. Allison, Jr.
Chief Executive Officer

Dated: October 16, 2018

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Domino’s Pizza, Inc. and will be retained by Domino’s Pizza, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Domino’s Pizza, Inc. (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 9, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Report”), I, Jeffrey D. Lawrence, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that based on my knowledge:

1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Jeffrey D. Lawrence
Jeffrey D. Lawrence
Chief Financial Officer

Dated: October 16, 2018

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Domino’s Pizza, Inc. and will be retained by Domino’s Pizza, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.